# Touch screen control for digital mixing consoles

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# Talk Outline

- What project aimed to achieve
- Work needed
- What was done
- Issues along the way
- Conclusion



#### Project goal

To investigate current method of remotely controlling digital audio mixing consoles.

To develop a cross-platform version of the distributed control system MIDINet in order to allow for mobile control of audio mixing consoles.

## Work to be done

- Create a cross-platform library for MIDI device control
- Re-design MIDINet's current networking class
- Create new GUI for cross-platform application
- Update MIDINet to use JUCE rather than MFC library functions

# JMidi

- MaxMidi
  - MIDI device control library for Visual C++
- JUCE provides extensive audio libraries
- Integration into MIDINet would be slow
- Library that MIDINet classes can inherit from

# MIDIView

- An application for testing JUCE's MIDI device libraries.
- Reads attached devices as well as software/virtual ports.
- Tested on Linux, Windows, OSX and iOS.



# JMidiln

- Provide basic container for MIDI input device.
- Start and stop input devices from listening to ports.
- MIDI message handling is done within class

```
#ifndef jmidi in h
 #define jmidi in h
 #include "JMidi.h"
 #include "JuceHeader.h"
 class JMidiIn
1
    public:
         //Constructors and destructor
         JMidiIn();
         ~JMidiIn();
         // Implementation
         //BOOL IsOpen(void);
                                         // returns true if device is open
         juce::String GetDescription(void); // returns pointer to desc string
         BOOL Open (UINT deviceNum) ;
         void Close(void);
                                         // close the device without destroying class
         void Start(void);
                                         // start midi in
         void Stop(void);
                                         // stop midi in
         juce::MidiInput getInput(void);
         void handleIncomingMidiMessage(juce::MidiInput*,const juce::MidiMessage&);
     private:
         juce::MidiInput* mDevice;
         juce::String name;
12
 #endif // jmidi in h
```

# JMidiOut

- Provide basic container for MIDI output device.
- Simple for other classes
   to open and close MIDI
   output devices.
- Pushing MIDI to output ports handled internally

```
#ifndef __jmidi_out_h__
#define jmidi out h
#include "JMidi.h"
#include "JuceHeader.h"
class JMidiOut
    public:
        //Constructors and destructor
        JMidiOut();
         ~JMidiOut();
        // Implementation
        //BOOL IsOpen(void);
                                        // returns true if device is open
        juce::String GetDescription (void); // returns pointer to desc string
        bool Open(unsigned int deviceNum);
        void Close(void);
                                    // close the device without destroying class
        juce::MidiOutput getOutput(void);
        bool Put(MidiMessage midiEvent);
        void Flush(void);
                                    // flush the output queue
    private:
        juce::MidiOutput* mDevice;
        juce::String name;
-};
#endif // jmidi out h
```

# MIDINetworking

- Original MIDINet used multicast messaging.
- JUCE does not provide support for joining multicast groups.
- Multicast only used for group messaging.
- For sake of cross-platform ease: Broadcast
- Using JUCE's datagram sockets

#### **Datagram Sockets**

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 Provides all the necessary method
 for sending and
 receiving UDP
 messages.

• A few issues...

	DatagramSocket (int localPortNumber, bool enableBroadcasting=false) Creates an (uninitialised) datagram socket.
	~DatagramSocket () Destructor.
bool	bindToPort (int localPortNumber) Binds the socket to the specified local port.
bool	connect (const String &remoteHostname, int remotePortNumber, int timeOutMillisecs=3000) Tries to connect the socket to hostname:port.
bool	isConnected () const noexcept True if the socket is currently connected.
void	close () Closes the connection.
st String &	getHostName () const noexcept Returns the name of the currently connected host.
int	getPort () const noexcept Returns the port number that's currently open.
bool	isLocal () const noexcept True if the socket is connected to this machine rather than over the network.
int	getRawSocketHandle () const noexcept Returns the OS's socket handle that's currently open.
int	waitUntilReady (bool readyForReading, int timeoutMsecs) const Waits until the socket is ready for reading or writing.
int	read (void *destBuffer, int maxBytesToRead, bool blockUntilSpecifiedAmountHasArrived) Reads bytes from the socket.
int	write (const void *sourceBuffer, int numBytesToWrite) Writes bytes to the socket from a buffer.

## **Networking Fixes**

- Host IPAddress identifier.
- MIDINet packet.
  - Contains both a sender's IPAddress as well as MIDINet message.
  - Alternative: Fix JUCE DatagramSocket class to allow return of sender IP

#### **Datagram Sockets**

- Simple UDP messenger using JUCEDatagramSockets.
- Tested on Linux,
   Windows, OSX and iOS
   on both wired and
   wireless networks.

Carrier ᅙ	8:07 AM		Carrier 🔶	8:18 AM	Ē
Hostname	146.231.127.206		Port	12345	
Port	12345		(	Connect	
C	Connect				
Datagram S	ocket Message				
C	Send message				
	_	_			

#### New user interface



# Using the UI

- User interface is now a smooth, single screen touch application.
- Input and output devices will be selected from the ListBoxes on the left and right.
- Current connections will be seen in the box below.



# MFC to JUCE/standard libraries

- CString -> String
- CObject
- CTypedPtrList -> List<Type> Name
  - Iterators
- AfxMessageBox
- A lot of small changes
   UINT

#### Issues

- MFC -> JUCE
- Cross-platform
  - Networking
- JUCE missing functions or not working as expected.
- MIDINet

## Summary

- JUCE
- MIDINet on the iPad
- Future directions

